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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/765,364	01/27/2004	Emanuele Terminella	012902	1571
75	90 06/20/2005	•	EXAM	INER
KEISLING PIEPER & SCOTT PLC			DURAND, PAUL R	
Suite 217			(	
1 East Center Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Fayetteville, AR 72701			3721	

DATE MAILED: 06/20/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<b>(</b>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Author Comments	10/765,364	TERMINELLA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Paul Durand	3721
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
<ul> <li>1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 A</li> <li>2a) ⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b) □ This</li> <li>3) □ Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E</li> </ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-4 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o</li> </ul>		
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 1/27/200 is/are: a)☒ a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Settion is required if the drawing(s) is ob-	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/765,364

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sato et al (US 4,633,654) in view of Sandberg (US 4,308,710).

In regard to claims 1,2 and 4, Sato discloses the invention substantially as claimed including first and second clamshell portions 3 and 3', with a lip portion 7, which maintains the bag, formed from a web in an open position during evacuation, forming an airtight seal with seals 8 and supplying compressed air through line 6 to evacuate a bag (see Figs 3-5 and C2,L37 — C3,L41). What Sato does not disclose is a vacuum means to hold the bag neck open during evacuation. However, Sandberg teaches that it is old and well known in the art to provide a curved lip portion 52 with passages 49 that pull a vacuum to hold bag 43 open at the neck during a filling an sealing stage for the purpose of sealing and evacuating a bag without contaminating the surrounding environment (see Figs. 4, 5 and C4,L42-53). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have provided the invention of Sato with the vacuum retention means as taught by Sandberg for the purpose of sealing and evacuating a bag without contaminating the surrounding environment.

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In regard to claim 3, Sato discloses the invention substantially as claimed including rotating axle (no number but generally near 13), swing arm in the form of driving arm 13 and first and second locking arms 10 (see Fig.2 and C2,L65 – C3,L4).

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 4/6/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant first argues that the primary reference of Sato does not teach that the bag should be held open, nor does it show the bag being sealed to the two part frame. The examiner disagrees with this argument. The examiner asserts that Sato clearly shows a bag in an open position prior to being filled. The examiner also asserts that the lips of the chamber as well as the bag provide an air tight seal during the evacuating process. Sato clearly states that the purpose of the space between the lips is to allow the air to be evacuated from the bag, while still maintaining constant pressure during the process. Furthermore, in regard to bag being sealed to the frame, the examiner asserts that the applicant is relying on features of the invention which are not claimed. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Applicant further argues that the Sandberg does not teach the use of a clamshell arrangement. While the examiner does agree in part with this argument, the examiner asserts that the primary reference of Sato is being relied on for the clamshell frame and

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the teaching of Sandberg is being relied on for the use of a vacuum engaging the packaging material. The examiner further asserts that there is sufficient motivation to combine the references of Sato and Sandberg. The test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Therefore, for the reasons indicated above, the rejection is deemed proper.

### Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul Durand whose telephone number is 571-272-4459. The examiner can normally be reached on 0730-1800, Monday - Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rinaldi I. Rada can be reached on 571-272-4467. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Paul Durand June 10, 2005

> Stephen F. Gerrity/ Primary Examiner